aviesan

alliance nationale pour les sciences de la vie et de la santé

Science diplomacy in action Governance for international science cooperation: the example of health research

Session 2 "Individual stakeholders in global health research (industry, research institutions, foundations) How to address the grand challenges

Prof. André Syrota

CEO & Chairman of Inserm Chairman of Aviesan, Vice-President of Science Europe

Paris - February 11, 2013





The Grand Challenges defined by Europe

The Research and Innovation Strategy that I envisage will make clear Europe's intention to re-focus research and innovation policies on the Grand Challenges our society faces: climate change, energy security, food security, health, an ageing population.

Maire Geoghegan-Quinn, speech of May 6, 2010, Sevilla





The Grand Challenges defined by Europe











How to address the grand challenges: Example of the Health domain in Horizon 2020

Horizon 2020: several tools offered To cover interdisciplinarity and the entire chain of innovation:

- Collaborative projects with diverse partners
- Public-Private Partnerships (PPP) like the JTIs
 - Article 185 (EDCTP; AAL...)
 - ERANET (+)
- European Innovation partnerships (EIP Healthy Ageing)

Necessary synergies with:

Knowledge & Innovation Communities (KIC)

(future KIC Healthy Ageing?)

(European Institute of Innovation and Technology)

Key Enabling Technologies (KETs)

Future and Emerging Technologies (TIC and more)





How to address the grand challenges:

The Joint Programming Initiatives

Health Domain: JPND (on Neurodegenerative diseases and Alzheimer's disease): 26 EU countries + Canada and USA (in negociation) JPI HDHL (Healthy Diet Healthy Life) JPIAMR (On Antimicrobial resistance)

> \rightarrow Intergovernmental initiative \rightarrow EC financial support for secretariat (CSA)

→ A Governing Board / A Scientific Committee
 → A Common Strategic Research Agenda
 → A Virtual common pot (national funding agencies)
 → Calls for proposals / ERANETs

S CEA S CHU S CNRS S CPU S INRA S INRIA S INSERM S INSTITUT PASTEUR S IRD S



How to address the grand challenges: The Joint Programming Initiatives

Public funding for Research in neurodegenerative diseases





An answer to the fragmented ERA





How to address the grand challenges: A transnational governance?





How to address the grand challenges: A transnational governance?

What is the most appropriate « structure » to address societal challenges?



The « Alliances » are structures bringing all the actors together (public and private actors...)

- Need « proactive » countries to be well prepared to address the Grand challenges
- Time to give a major role to the « Alliances » as flexible structures to address the Grand challenges

Time for « Alliances » to work together?



The French National Alliance for Life and Health Sciences (Aviesan)

10 multi-organization thematic institutes (Itmos)



Aviesan main objectives

Scientific coordination

- Strategic analysis
- Scientific foresight
- Programming (national, european and international levels)

Operational coordination

- Partnership with universities (funding, human resources)
 - Transfer of knowledge
 - Simplification

More visibility and reactivity of French research To share priorities on structuring projects at international level





How to address the grand challenges: An efficient international cooperation

To be a major actor of the international/european cooperation:

- Mutualisation of the foreign offices of the Aviesan institutions
- Mutualised international operations (platforms in SE Asia, Subsaharan Africa, French West Indies-Guiana,... - Aviesan South Group)
- Use of well-structured cooperative tools (International associated labs)
- Short exploratory visit programme (ATIP-Avenir/ERC)





How to address the grand challenges: An efficient international cooperation

To be a major actor of the international/european cooperation:

Participation in high-level organisations/networks/associations (Science Europe, HIROs, STS Forum, World Health Summit, WHO,...)

- Involvement in International /European multilateral programmes (FP7, Horizon 2020, STCU/ISTC, HFSP...)
- Appropriateness of the collaborative tools with the programmes offered by the French Embassies (Hubert Curien programmes)



Health research in partnerships with the South

An overseas network of French partners



The Aviesan South group

- Led by the Multi-Organisms Thematic Institute from Aviesan :
 « Microbiology and Infectious diseases »
- Members: Pasteur Institute, IRD, AIRD, CIRAD, Inserm, CNRS, Fondation Mérieux

Objectives:

- Common strategy of cooperation with the South: geographical, scientific, training and capacity building
 - Partnerships on research and development based on ethical rules
 - Definition of scientific priorities: multidisciplinary approach
 - European integration



AVIESAN South: Activities

Scientific roadmap:

Multi-organisation projects: infectious diseases, cancer, public health, technologies for health

- Ex: Encephalitis in South-East Asia
 - Preparatory Workshops in January and September 2012
 - Starting date: October 2012 (Cambodia, Laos, Vietnam)
- Reinforcement of capacities: Regional platforms
 - Communicable diseases (Cambodia)
 - > Projects in the Caribbean, in Sub-Saharan Africa





How to address the grand challenges: some major topics to be tackled

Major topics are still to be considered:

- Cross-border cooperation and researcher mobility
- Open Access issues (publications and data)
- Interdisciplinarity
- Globalization of research Infrastructures: biobanks, clinical trials, large facilities for structural biology,...



The end





To address the grand challenges: Through Horizon 2020

- ERC Marie Curie Excellent Infrastructures Science (4) Future and Emerging Technologies (FETs) Societal Challenges (7) Horizon 2020 Health, demographic change, well-being **3** pillars Food security, sustainable agriculture, marine and maritime research and the bio- economy; Secure, clean and efficient energy Smart, green and integrated transport Industrial Climate action, resource efficiency and raw materials Leadership (3) Understanding Europe in a changing world - inclusive, Leadership in Enabling and Industrial innovative and reflective society Technologies (with KETs...) Protecting freedom and security in Europe
- Access to Risk Finance
- Innovation in SMEs

esor



How to address the grand challenges: in Horizon 2020 Example of IMI: The Health PPP

IMI: Innovative Medicines Initiative





Pre-competitive research (Safety, Security, Training)

Partnerships Pharma companies / Academic research institutions / SMEs...



International Associated Laboratories & Units abroad



Gviesan

AAL: Ambient Assisted Living CSA: Coordination and Support Action EDCTP: European & Developing Countries Clinical Trials Partnerships ERA: European Research Area FET: Future and Emerging Technologies **HFSP: Human Frontier Science Programme** HIROs: Heads of International Research Organizations IMI: Innovative Medicines Initiative JPI: Joint Programming Initiative JTI: Joint Technology Initiative **KET: Key Enabling Technologies** KIC: Knowledge and Innovation Communities PPP: Public-Private Partnership STCU/ISTC: Science and Technology Center in Ukraine/International Science and Technology Center



Cross-border cooperation

• A lot of intentions, but difficult implementation

The example of the Lead Agency principle

- Aims
 - Simplification of the evaluation process
 - Reduction of the administrative costs
 - European benchmarking for specific scientific fields
- How and Who
 - Contract between 2 or more agencies
- Application procedure
 - Submission by researcher of proposal to his/her national agency
 - > A single agency (the Lead Agency) in charge of the evaluation of the projects
 - All countries (partners) recognize the outcomes of the evaluation
 - The project respects the national regulation for the funding organization in his/her own country



Cross-border cooperation

• A lot of intentions, but difficult implementation

The example of the Lead Agency principle

- Topics
 - Joint definition between countries willing to participate
 - Emerging topics
- Selection criteria
 - Jointly defined
- Advantages
 - European benchmarking (cf added value of the ERC programme)
 - Peer review standard, less bureaucracy
- Difficulties
 - Definition of topics (need of a simpler process than the one used for the JPIs)
 - Prerequisite of a high degree of trust between funding agencies



The second pillar of Horizon 2020: Industrial Leadership

- 1. Leadership in Enabling and Industrial Technologies (with KETs...)
 - Information and Communication Technologies (ITC)
 - Nanotechnologies
 - Advanced Materials
 - Biotechnology
 - Advanced Manufacturing and Processing
- 2. Access to Risk Finance
- 3. Innovation in SMEs



European Institute of Innovation and Technology (EIT)

Missions :

- To increase European sustainable growth and competitiveness by reinforcing the innovation capacity of the EU
- To develop a new generation of innovators and entrepreneurs.
- To facilitate the following transitions:
 - from idea to product / from lab to market / from student to entrepreneur

To do so, the EIT has created integrated structures linking higher education, research and business, the 3 KICs:

- Climate change mitigation (Climate-KIC),
- Information and Communication Technologies (EIT ICT Labs),
- Sustainable Energies (KIC InnoEnergy).

Three new KICs within H2020 (in 2014?) :

- Innovation for healthy living and active ageing
- Food4future
- Raw materials

